

Europe's Beating Cancer PlanA new EU approach to cancer screening

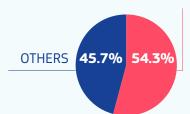
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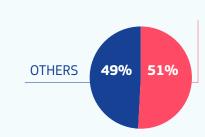
Early detection through cancer screening reduces the impact of cancer and saves lives. Up-to-date screening recommendations are a crucial element of the new EU cancer screening scheme, a flagship initiative of Europe's Beating Cancer Plan. This is another step towards to a strong European Health Union.

NEW CANCER DIAGNOSES ESTIMATED IN THE EU IN 2020



BREAST, CERVICAL, COLORECTAL, LUNG, PROSTATE AND GASTRIC CANCERS TOGETHER

DEATHS CAUSED BY CANCER IN THE EU IN 2020



BREAST, CERVICAL, COLORECTAL, LUNG, PROSTATE AND GASTRIC CANCERS TOGETHER



WHAT IS CANCER SCREENING?

► The use of simple tests across a healthy population to identify those individuals who have a disease, but do not yet have symptoms.

A MODERN APPROACH TO IMPROVE EARLY DETECTION OF CANCER

Up-to-date EU recommendations based on the latest technology, scientific developments and evidence in three key areas: **access, quality, and diagnostics**.

WHAT ARE THE NEW EU RECOMMENDATIONS?

Extending access to targeted cancer screening for breast, colorectal and cervical cancers along with a step-by-step approach to introducing prostate, lung and gastric cancer testing.



BREAST CANCER lowering the age for screening to women aged 45-74, plus MRI scans for those with very dense breasts



HPV testing for women aged 30 to 65, every 5 years or more, to detect **CERVICAL CANCER**, taking account of HPV vaccination status



Triage testing for **COLORECTAL CANCER** in people aged 50 – 74
through faecal immunochemical
testing (FIT) to determine follow-up
via endoscopy/colonoscopy



testing for current heavy and exsmokers aged 50 – 75



Prostate specific antigen testing for **PROSTATE CANCER** in men up to 70, plus MRI scans for follow-up



In places with high GASTRIC
CANCER incidence and death rates,
screening for Helicobacter pylori and
surveillance of precancerous
stomach lesions





ACCESSIBILITY AND REDUCING INEQUALITIES

Target: **90%** of the EU population qualifying for breast, cervical and colorectal cancer screenings to be **offered screening by 2025**.

THE UPDATED RECOMMENDATION IS COMPLEMENTED BY:



Updated and new EU screening guidelines and quality assurance schemes



Improved monitoring and exchange of data through the European cancer information system and European Health Data Space

EU FINANCIAL SUPPORT: INVESTMENT IN PUBLIC HEALTH SAVES LIVES

- Better screening means better public health and less burden of cancer on society
- Overall economic impact of cancer in the EU is more than € 100 billion
- ▶ € 38.5 million committed under the EU4Health programme
- ▶ € 60 million via Horizon Europe
- ► Cohesion Policy Instruments
- ► Recovery and Resilience Facility



▶ ADVICE FROM THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION'S GROUP OF CHIEF SCIENTIFIC ADVISORS

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